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EDUCATION

INFLUENCE OF MUSIC AND MUSICAL EDUCATION ON YOUTH DEVELOPMENT IN FRANCE

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ABSTRACT

Purpose of the study: Music is a necessary communication channel with each age and each period with its type and style of music. The study sought to examine the influence of music and musical education on youth development in France.

Research Methodology: The study was a literature based. The study inferences were based on the findings from the preceding studies.

Research Findings: It was found that music and musical education have a positive influence on youth development in France. Music is critical and leads to better brain development, increases human connection, helps to socialise and even lowers stress levels. It was found that music helps students to unwind and get a break from their classes. Moreover, the study found that music education helps students learn to memorize and process patterns. Music is an important part of our life as it is a way of expressing our feelings as well as emotions. Some people consider music as a way to escape from the pain of life.

Conclusions: The research concluded that music and musical education have a positive and significant influence on youth development. Music can raise someone's mood, get them excited, or make them calm and relaxed. The study concluded that musical education stimulates and trains the same part of the brain that deals with understanding language. Music is a universal language and helps youth connect to other cultures and understand the world around them.

Recommendations: The study recommended that music can be encouraged among youth to enhance their psychological and emotional development. The music education helps students learn to memorize and process patterns. Music is an important part of life as it is a way of expressing feelings and emotions. Music is a universal language and helps youth connect to other cultures and understand the world around them. The school management should consider introducing music classes as part of the syllabus. The government need to incorporate music learning in the syllabus.

Keywords: *Music, Musical Education, Youth Development, France*

INTRODUCTION

Music assists teens check out ideas and feelings in a secure way and reveals themselves without words (McFerran, Roberts & O'Grady, 2020). Teens spend 4-5 hours a day paying attention to music and seeing video, and they name listening to songs as their recommended non-college task. Children and teenagers commonly utilize music to discover their identity and uncover exactly how they fit in, they even mimic what music good examples do and say, trying on new duties as their individuality develops. Songs provides a means for youth to reveal and explore their emotions and feelings. Exposure to favorable influencers through songs can aid teens learn coping systems and proper responses to demanding scenarios. Music additionally helps teens connect to social teams and get a feeling of belonging (Laiho, 2019). Lyrically, songs can have a significant influence on teenagers. Extra clearly violent or sexual music can affect teens to take part in that type of behavior; along with songs that promotes drug abuse. Songs exerts a strong impact on teens. It can improve thinking, in building activity endurance, brightens ones feelings, lower depression and anxiety, fend off tiredness, enhance your response to discomfort and assist one to exercise better.

Lots of people in present world criticize any kind of poor action done by a teen on either the parents or songs. Music creates a wide range of emotions, and there's music for every feeling a teen really feels, from anger and grief to enjoy and joy (Sloboda and O'neill, 2021). Provided the main value of music in youths' lives, it can be difficult to pry their ear buds from their heads. While relaxing and soothing background music may not hinder student's learning skills, keep in mind that our minds are just built to do one thing at once. Therefore songs with loud lyrics, abrupt changes in quantity, or other distracting aspects can tempt our teenager's attention far from learning and right into tune. Teens must be urged to concentrate on one job each time and just listen to a song that acts much more as background noise than anything else. Music has a very strong influence on the way teenagers live (Robillard, 2018). It seems nearly as if songs have a more powerful duty than things like religion and politics. Greater than 30% of teenagers understand their lyrics to their favorite songs. Historically, songs was made use of for such diverse objectives as courage prior to fights, singing children lullabies, improving the courtship procedure and going along with rites of passage through life.

Music is a vital communication medium whereby every age and each time with its type and style of music (Fiossi-Kpadonou, Sessou, Kpadonou & Agossou, 2020). In some cultures music has been said to influence governments to try to manage or ban it. Music can define the means a teen talks, just how they speak with others, specifies who their good friends are and which clique they come from, additionally songs establishes exactly how one dresses. With all songs' favorable aspects some adverse facets still surface area. While the majority of teens analyze their favored tracks to be about love, friendship, growing up, life's struggles, enjoying, vehicles and faith there are still a small teams of young adults music does not affect in this way (Richardson, 2021). The majority of social teams will certainly state that music is not the problem, it is the actions of the parents and the ways that youngster was elevated are the problem. Teens are additionally found to interpret music in a different way which might have to do with what have a hard time or troubles they are dealing with (Walsh and Walsh, 2019).

Curwin and Mendler (2018) music is a portrait of everyone's spirit, an expression of time, a tool able to disclose every decade and century. Songs can lift individuals to heights they cannot otherwise reach and it can take an individual to the depths he can only really feel deep within

himself (Eigen, 2018). Songs is an intimate expression of one's character, with all its intricacies, a living tradition of every generation. It is the ultimate, soaring painting of everyone's hopes, victories, discomforts, desires and limitations. Nowadays, one of the favorite past time of teenagers is listening to various type of songs it can be rock, ballad, metal, RnB, pop, jazz and a lot of the moment, acoustic songs (Rafiq, Fatima, Sohail, Saleem & Khan, 2018). Every pupil undergoes various sort of stress. One of the most demanding tasks of trainees is to pass each evaluation they have to deal with. Educators play critical duty in helping their students execute well in their examinations (Kahne and Westheimer, 2018). Indeed educators are thinking about effective and ingenious teaching strategies that would certainly attend to the numerous demands of the students. One of the approaches in mind is making use of music in classroom activities.

Music is one of minority tasks which entail utilizing entire brain. It is intrinsic to every society thereby can bring in unusual benefit. The power of music to influence memory is rather intriguing. Daud and Sudirman (2017) cited that experiments have been conducted to show if paying attention to songs can boost the memory skills of students. In 1993, a psychologist performed this experiment and he made use of the songs of Mozart to a group of trainees. He after that gave the students an exam to check memory skills. The examination verified that those that listened to Mozart have higher scores. This is commonly known as the Mozart impact. Mozart music turns on the left and best mind. Synchronized left and right brain action takes full advantage of learning and keeping of message (Ward, 2020). The information which is researched triggers the left mind and songs trigger the right brain. Likewise, tasks whereby all the parts of the brain are working at the same time, such as playing tool and vocal singing, create the brain to be extra with the ability of processing details. Listening to songs promotes the recall of information. Researchers have actually revealed that particular sorts of songs are excellent keys for remembering memories.

LITERATURE REVIEW

Teens might make use of music experiences to form friendships and to establish themselves apart from their caregivers and more youthful children (Hewitt, 2019). They commonly walk around, hang out and pay attention to music after institution with a group of buddies. Remember those times of basement and garage bands. Teenagers usually have a solid argue pertaining songs lessons or playing in a band. No drawback to bringing children and songs with each other through enjoyable tasks (Moomaw, 2018). We are able to delight in the advantages of music from the time we're born. Although a good dose of Mozart is possibly not enhancing our brain ability, it's satisfying and attractive (Rakiyah, 2020). From the clear satisfaction of paying attention to calming noises and balanced consistencies, to getting new language and social abilities music can enliven and improve the lives of youngsters and the individuals that stay with them.

A study by Fiossi-Kpadonou, Sessou, Kpadonou and Agossou (2016) to evaluate feelings connected by the impact of music on teens for them to ameliorate their mental medical care utilizing this way. It was a potential cross-sectional research with a descriptive and analytical range where 269 teens of secondary and college schools and training centers in southern Benin were examined. The sampling was anchored upon a self-questionnaire carried out within two months and data was processed and examined utilizing SPSS. The required amount of value was dealt with at 5%. It was found that 49.4% of the participants listened to music regularly daily, either separately (27.5%); in groups (4.8%); or both (67.7%). Listening sounded a favorable

psychological note (49.2%) and an unfavorable psychological note in times of anxiety, anger, unhappiness, despondence and loneliness (46.4%). Songs procured enjoyment or joyous times, provided a feeling of health and wellbeing, relief and leisure, increased a feeling of inspiration, ideas, and made it possible for disturbance and liberation; it provided life. Typical songs led to re-inspiration. Zouk songs were claimed to be great for sexual arousal, religious music and reduces aid to eliminate despair, tension, stress and anxiety. Brand names which are mainly paid attention to in groups consisted of coupé-décalé, rap, hip-hop, reggae, R and B, techno, salsa, jazz, rumba and raga. Lullabies are hummed within the minutes of despondence, absence of love, sadness, rage and anxiousness. Private feelings of paying attention to music are interrupted by gender. Songs were privileged language for youths as they learnt this turbulent duration of their lives, a time filled with feelings that are tough to reveal or handle. It is performance tool which demands consideration regarding care is concerned.

North, Hargreaves & O'Neill (2018) conducted a research study to figure out the advantages of music to teenagers in England, check out why they listen to and perform out songs. A total of 2465 teenagers; 1149 men; 1266 women; 50 respondents did not mention their gender within 13 and 14 years old who were attending year 9 at one of 22 high schools in the North Staffordshire area of England. Set of questions inquired individuals concerning their level of participation with music tasks; ranking significance of music about various other tasks; and ranking value of numerous variables which may identify why they and other individuals of their age and sex may listen to/do pop and symphonic music. Reactions showed more than 50% of participants neither played a tool presently nor had played regularly prior to quoting, the example listened to songs for approximately 2.45 hours per day; listening to songs was favored to other interior tasks however not to exterior tasks; paying attention to/performing popular song had actually other various viewed importance's to paying attention to/performing symphonic songs; reactions to recommended factors for paying attention to music can be arranged right into 3 variables; reactions to recommended reasons for playing songs can be categorized by 4 aspects. The outcomes suggested that songs are very essential to teens, since it permits them to give out clear image to the outdoors and quest their psychological demands.

A study conducted by Lawendowski and Bieleninik (2017) on ways that teens involve with music can be comprehended via using of two metaphors songs as a way that reflects selfunderstanding, and songs as a level where identity is performed in partnership with others. Both of these features contribute to the formation of teenage identification by supplying young people with possibilities to check out and share themselves in both public and exclusive online forums. Emotional involvement is a critical section of the relationship between teens and their songs, and several teenagers view songs as a positive impact in their lives that promotes pleasant, and hard experiences. A comprehensive review recommended that youngsters at risk of mental illness might utilize songs less successfully to modulate their mood and the results of music paying attention to really feel better can be unsuccessful. The differences between manners in which young adults utilize songs portray their individual state greater than the attributes personified by specific music styles such as metal and rap music. Songs treatment researches suggest that energetic involvement in supported songs experiences can help susceptible youths to conquer personal obstacles, specifically when coupled with a helpful group atmosphere or a separately tailored program. As accessibility to songs boosts with new innovations, the research of just how teenagers make use of music as a health resource has ended up being a lot more important than in the past.

Miranda and Claes (2017) performed a research to explore the interaction in between musical preferences which include; metal, soul, electronic, pop, and classical and depression in teenage years. Study individuals included 329 teens 179 women and 150 young males from Montreal Canada. Evaluations regulated for state anxiety, substance abuse, educational issues, significance given to lyrics, and period spent listening to music per week. Teenage women, choice for metal music was related to more anxiety degree, whereby demand of soul songs and pop music were linked to decreased anxiety degrees. The links within music choices and depression degrees were not significant in boys. The 5 musical preferences were not connected with an episode of depression in teenagers. Another study by Warne (2018) French society given that 1945 was characterized with normally adverse social discourse on teenagers, repeatedly sped up by particular anxiousness which connect to the development of apparently new teams onto the social scene. The study embarked on a comparative research of 2 similar instances, when moral panics and an accompanying discourse of control developed in relation to the appearance of other types of popular music in France: rock 'n' roll in the early 1960s, and techno in the mid-1990s. On the foundation of the contrast, it attracts few verdicts regarding the interaction in between regulatory authority and the ordinary residents of France, moreover concerning progressing duty of the state.

Hogenes, Van Oers, Diekstra and Sklad (2016) argued that for a number of decades music teachers have proposed that the study of music has a substantial effect on pupil academic achievement, participation prices and student conduct. In a period of higher trainee and educator responsibility, raising budget cuts, the no kid left act, and stringent state criteria of understanding, a variety of teachers have actually said that education in music can boost test scores, participation, attitudes towards institution, minimize technique referrals, and rise overall scholastic accomplishment. The research measured general education claims by taking a look at secondary school academic accomplishment data, attendance prices, and student behavior of the 2006 finishing class in one Southeast Virginia college department. On top of that, the research briefly explored the impact that music education carried the human mind and on academic success at the grade school and secondary school. Four research questions were made use of to discover academic success, attendance rate, and trainee conduct with regard to music or no music programs absorbed in grades nine through twelve. The research confirmed that the four study inquiries and void hypotheses that songs trainees out perform their non-music counterparts in scholastic achievement, presence rate, and student conduct. Although the researched college division does not compare excused and unexcused absences, music trainees had less days missing than non-music pupils.

A 2016 research at the University of Southern California's Brain and Creativity Institute discovered music experiences in childhood years can in fact increase brain growth, specifically in the places of language acquisition and reading abilities. According to the National Organizations of Music Merchants Foundation (NAMMF), learning to play a tool can boost arithmetic understanding and raise SAT scores. However educational achievement isn't the only advantage of music education and exposure. Songs improves all parts of child advancement and abilities to institution alertness, comprising intellectual, social-emotional, electric motor, language, and whole proficiency. It assists the body and the brain to function both. Revealing youngsters to songs throughout very early growth assists them to learn the sounds and definitions of words. Dancing to songs aids youngsters construct motor abilities while enabling them to exercise self-expression. For teenagers and grownups, songs help to improve memory abilities.

Along with developing advantages, basically: songs bring us happiness. Simply feature an individual listening to an excellent track in the automobile with the home window down on an attractive time. That's joy.

Robertson (2019) executed a research to discover the ideas held by teenagers concerning the ability of songs to assist them feel much better throughout the tough periods. Respondents were 40 teens Australians, years 13-- 20, they explained their relationship with songs and were progressively required to remember instances when music had actually not been useful and when the effects of taking part in music had been of importance. Grounded theory evaluation performed an academic description of reasons teenager's beliefs concerning the favorable effects of music are so strong, even though the experience of youngsters with mental illness sometimes opposes these sights. Effects for experts are provided; with a specific focus on the relevance of youths adopting obligation for the ways they proper music unlike viewing the songs as the resource of strength.

Guhn, Emerson and Gouzouasis (2019) conducted study on employed population-level academic documents for 4 public school pupil cohorts (n 112,916; Grades 7-- 12) in Canada to check out partnerships within the songs education and learning i.e. any kind of engagement, kind of involvement, music accomplishment, involvement level and arithmetic's, science development in grade 10 and English development in Grades 10 and 12, while regulating for language/cultural history, Grade 7 scholastic success, and area socioeconomic status. Music involvement was related to more ratings on overall 4 topics and these relationships were more powerful for instrumental songs than singing music. College songs accomplishment positively related to ratings on all topics; those connections were powerful for accomplishment in instrumental songs as related with vocal songs. Higher degrees of music interaction i.e. number of programs were connected to bigger test ratings on all topics; the procedure was more obvious for extremely more interaction in critical songs. The impact dimensions of the group differences are bigger than the impact dimensions representing ordinary yearly gains of trainees' academic success during secondary school i.e., very engaged important music students were, usually, academically over 1 year ahead of their peers. It was found out that multiyear engagement in songs, particularly critical songs, might benefit senior high school scholastic achievement.

A research by Maratos, Gold, Wang and Crawford (2018) on the relationship between teenagers' emotions and the sort of music listened to under the supervision of the instructor allowed them to understand the effectiveness of the listening tasks carried out under experimental conditions. In institution, when listening to music, trainees must be shown by music educators to discover just how feelings and emotions are shared through those songs. They targeted at examining how, by listening to numerous music categories like pop, rock, classic, jazz the teenagers' emotional states are affected. The outcomes verified the hypothesis developed. Young people's choice for rock and pop was established. The fact that listening to the recommended 4 kinds of songs decreases the affective moods can be described by the truth that paying attention to songs is teenagers' way of relaxing.

Southgate and Roscigno (2019) carried out a study to take a look at the association between music participation and education success in both childhood years and teenage years utilizing 3 steps of music involvement: in college, beyond school, and parental participation in the form of performance participation. They evaluated work done before relating to music's effect on accomplishment and after that drew from 2 nationally representative information sources. They

made use of logistic and OLS regression approaches to analyze trends of music participation and feasible impacts on mathematics and analysis success in both primary and senior high school students. They found that music participation differs rather systematically by class, gender condition, and such participation holds ramifications in both mathematics and analysis success, for children and teenagers. Notably, associations with accomplishment continued the modeling even when prior accomplishment levels are accounted for. Although songs do mediate some student background results, this mediation is only low. Music involvement, both inside and outside learning institutions, is related to actions of educational success within kids and teens.

Bonneville, Rentfrow, Xu and Potter (2018) in their research there is an increasingly durable literature of recent study outcomes that assists in the developing significance of music in teens. This interesting literary work is not acquainted to several developmental psycho therapists, perhaps because of lack of interaction among researchers and as a result of publication trends in developmental journals. This evaluation is dedicated at informing on existing expertise of exactly how music listening can play an important function in the psychosocial growth of teenagers. Three arguments are talked about due to current empirical study: music impact and advantage elements of teen growth; songs can represent a protective and risk factor; and songs can serve as an accessory component in avoidance and intervention. Hence it is suggested exactly how music is a developmental resource in teenage years. It is said that study on the developmental function of music can develop a window to the daily emotional, social, and social demands of contemporary teens.

RESEARCH FINDINGS

It was found that music and musical education has a positive and significant influence on youth development in France. Some teens found out in time to stay clear of particular songs at specific times, or to change their music habits as they relocated beyond a specific state in their life. Various other teens remained continuous in their engagement till peers and family assisted them to make decisions in their means of involving with songs, through erasing songs or by presenting new, extra positive product that drew their interest far from their embedded practices. Some teenagers were not willing to transform their methods of involving with songs in spite of being aware they decreased their state of mind down, or kept them away from others, or assisted them to detach from fact. Even when asked, they did not feel a catalyst to make different selections. The youths defined extended periods of time whereby they were using songs in isolation to ruminate on adverse experiences and strengthen into unfavorable emotions. They often took satisfaction in the intensity of their experience and reported a sense of complete satisfaction from being able to advocate for the discomfort. Moreover, it was discovered that music is very essential to teens, since it permits them to portray an image to the outdoors and fulfill their psychological demands. Music impacts important elements of teen growth; songs can represent a protective and risk factor; and songs can serve as an accessory component in avoidance and intervention. It was found out that multiyear engagement in songs, particularly critical songs, might benefit senior high school scholastic achievement. Revealing teenagers to songs throughout very early growth helps them to learn the sounds and definitions of words. Listening songs promotes the recall of information. More than 30% of teenagers understand the lyrics to their favorite music.

CONCLUSION

The research concluded that music is a privileged language for teens as they learnt this tumultuous time of their lives, a period loaded with feelings that were impossible to reveal and to control. It is a perfect tool that calls for consideration as far as treatment is concerned. Exposing kids to songs throughout very early growth helps them to learn the sounds and definitions of words. Dancing to music assists youngsters construct motor skills while permitting them to exercise self-expression. For kids and adults, songs help reinforce memory skills. Music involvement, both inside and outside of school, is related to actions of academic success among kids and teens. Music is very essential to teens, since it permits them to portray an image to the outdoors and satisfy their psychological demands. Moreover, the research concluded that teens who are struggling will certainly be more probable to ponder with songs and more likely to separate themselves from their networks using music means. Whilst a lot of us may do this as a temporary coping method, it is the persistence of this habits that must be concerning. Preliminary findings and/or analyses are required to be sustained by an investigative dialogue with youngsters to ask whether they are profiting they anticipate from music. Music can stand for a developmental resource and emotional study on songs brings in a scientific window to the psychological, social, and cultural demands of contemporary teens. Therefore, building bridges between the psychology of songs and developmental psychology is a hip to campaign to much better listen to the everyday sounds of teenage years.

RECOMMENDATIONS

The study suggested that teens think that music will make them really feel much better. This is based in their previous experiences and happens within a teenage society where music is conferred reverence. It shows up that in the vast majority of situations, youngsters are correct and they achieve success in appropriating the affordances of music to enhance their mood, reveal their identity, handle their relationships and manage difficult circumstances in their life. However, it seems that prone teenagers will certainly have the least success in this endeavor and may take advantage of the interest of caring friends, relative and specialists who discuss whether music has actually been as valuable as they expected. In an age where access to music is almost unlimited, embracing an aware and willful technique to musicking is important and might well be the emphasis of public health efforts in the future. Teachers need to put more emphasis to students who are not well performing due to using a lot of time listening to music. The schedule should be tight so that the students may not find any time to listen to music.

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